

MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

CALENDAR YEAR 2010 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

USBOO2 4 List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

AVAL Pire STATION MERT DIAN
Public Water Supply Name

The Formula Confidence of the	ederal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each <i>community</i> public water system to develop and distribute a consumer ence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR e mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.
Please	Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report
8	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
	Advertisement in local paper On water bills Other NEWS PAPER AND PRINTED HAND OUTS
	Date customers were informed: 6/2/2011
4	CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:
	Date Mailed/Distributed: 6 124 11
	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
	Name of Newspaper: SKY Ciwif
	Date Published: 61232011
	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)
	Date Posted: / /
	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www
CERTI	FICATION
hereby he form consister Departm	certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is tent of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.
	lien P. Caele Jn. itle (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.) 23 June 2011 Date
	Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215 Phone: 601-576-7518



Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Navnl Air Station Meridian, Ms. MSDH PWS ID # 0380026

June 01, 2011

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report, This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from the

Our source water assessment has been conducted and is available at this time, and copies of this assessment are available at our office. If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Mr. Robert Whitlock at 601-679-2530 0700-1600 Monday thru Friday. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please call to schedule a meeting at the NAS Meridian Water Plant.

Mississippi State Department of Health and the Certified Operators of NAS Meridian routinely monitor for 86 constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2010. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

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In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Non-Detects (ND) = laboratory analysis indicates that the constituent is not present.

Parts per million (ppn) or Milligrams per liter [mg/l] — one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per hillion (pph) or Milrograms per liter — one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Piecouries per liter (RCVL) — piecouries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

Millirems per year (mrem/yr) - measure of radiation absorbed by the body.

Action Level — the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) — A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCL's are set as close to the feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known expected risk to bealth. MCLG's allow for a margin of safety TEST RESULTS MCL Likely Source of Range of Detects Unit Contaminant Violation Date Level Collected Detected Measurement Contamination # of Samples Exceeding MCL/AC Disinfectant By-product AVERAGE LOW HIGH 1 Jan, 2010-31-PPM NONE 40 Water additive used to control microbes Dec. 2010 Microbiological Contaminants 7/2007 N/A PA Presence of coliform bacteria in Naturally present in the 5% of monthly samples environment Radioactive Contaminants 1.0 PCi/1 15 Erosion of natural deposits 5. Alpha emitters 11/01 Inorganic Contaminants Discharge of drilling wastes; 10 Barium 2/03/09 0.041804 Ppm N discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits 13. Chromium N 2/03/09 0005 Ppm 100 0.1 Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits 14. Copper 06/2010 0.1 Mg/l/ AL=1.3 mg/l N 0 Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives

Additional Information for Lead

06/2010

0.001

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Navel Air Station Meridian Water Department is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601-576-7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

Mg/l

AL=.015 mg/l

Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immuno system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Please call our office if you have questions. Public Works Officer (601) 679-2940 or Robert Whitlock, Maintenance Supervisor (601) 679-2151. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of community Water Supplies", the MERIDIAN NAVAL AIR STATION is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year that average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of .7 - 1.3 ppm was 11. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar that was within the optimal range of .7-1.3 was 92%

Pruce Con LOR LCMDR Lance Coe

17. Lead

Public Works Officer



Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Naval Air Station Meridian, Ms. MSDH PWS ID # 0380026

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					TEST P	RESULTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL		Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Disinfectant By-pr	oduct	Carlotte Herri	AVERAGE		HIGH		4	·	L
Chlorine	N	1 Jan. 2010-31- Dec. 2010	1.32	0.95	1.58	PPM	NONE	4.0	Water additive used to contro
Microbiological Co	ontaminante				LI	14 (20)	J	l .	microbes
l. Total Coliform Baoteria	N	7/2007	N/A		П	PA	0	Presence of coliform bacteria in	Naturally present in the
Radioactive Contai	minants			1				5% of monthly samples	environment
5. Alpha emitters	N	11/01 1	10 1	r	т т	PCVI	r		
Inorganic Contami	nants		لــــــــــــ	*			0	13	Erosion of natural deposits
10. Barium	l n l	2/03/09	Anarona		١ .				
			0.041804	0		Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; crosion of natural
13, Chromium	N	2/03/09	.0005	Ō		Ppm	100	0.1	deposits Discharge from steel and pulp mills; crosion of natural
14, Copper	И	06/2010	0.1	0	10	MyV		AL∞1.3 mg/i	deposits Corrosion of household plumbing systems; crosion of natural deposits; leaching from
17, Lead	N Information	06/2010	0.001	0		Mg/I	0	ΛL≈.015 mg/l	wood preservatives Corrosion of household phumbing systems, crosson of

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LCMDR Lance Coe Public Works Officer